





Natural Gas - Supporting Social and Economic Development

Torstein Indrebø Secretary General International Gas Union



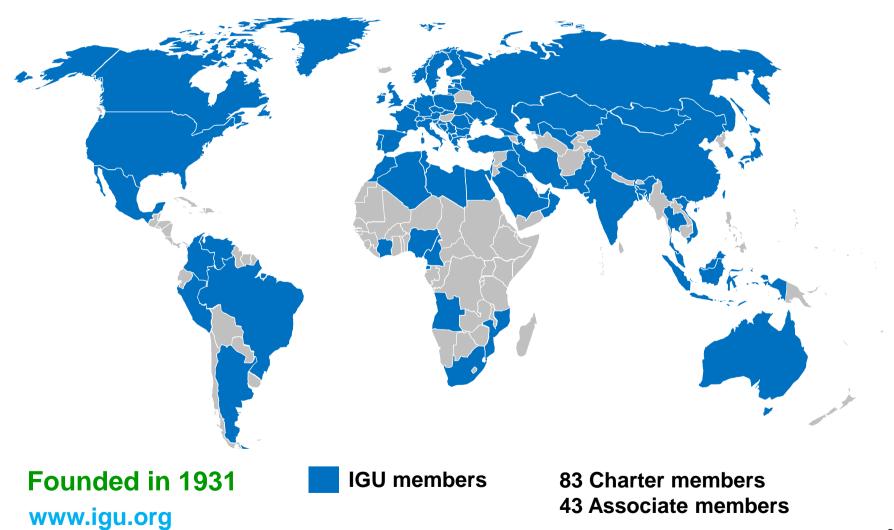
Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire November 6-8, 2013



International Gas Union

- Supporting the gas industry worldwide





The global energy future



Drivers:

- Rising population & middle class
- Economic development and job creation
- Public health: urban air quality
- Environmental concerns



Reliable, clean, affordable, safe



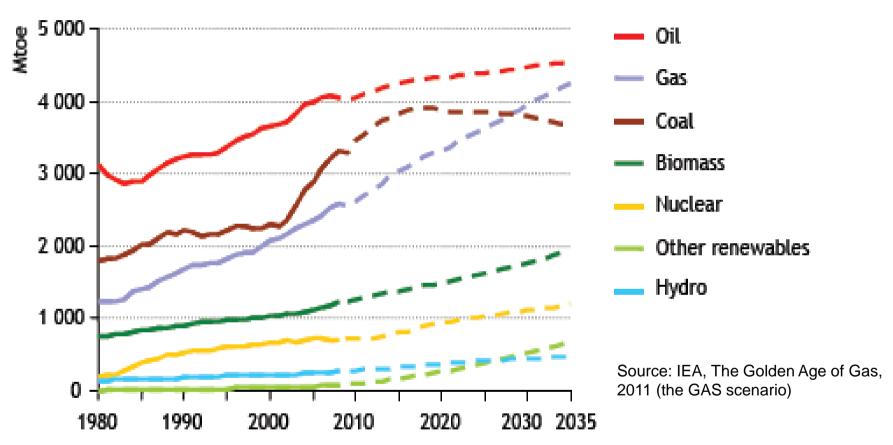




Balanced and robust policies required

Growing energy demand – need for all energy sources available

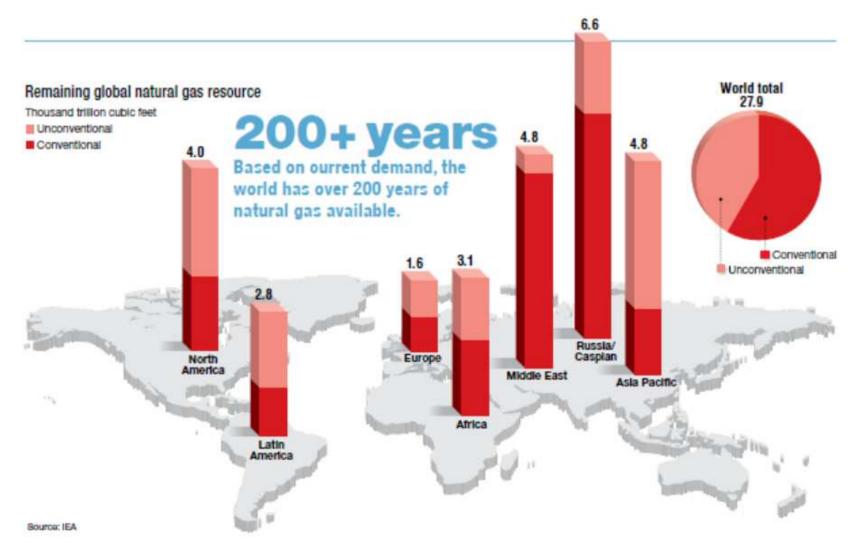




 Oil and coal decling in the long run whereas gas and renewables are increasing

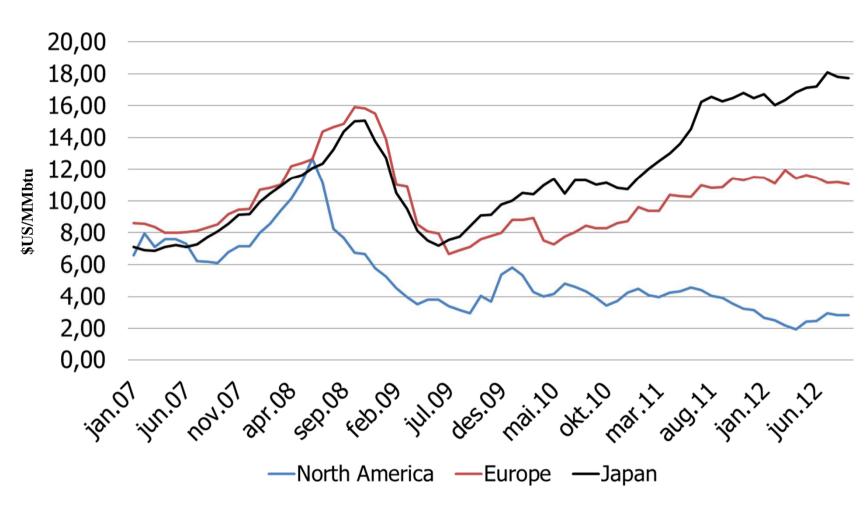
Gas is available - and widely distributed





World Natural Gas Prices





Source: World Bank

Natural gas fueling the global economy – offers a wide range of applications





Fuel for Gas District Cooling



Fuel for Residential



Fuel for Commercial



Fuel for Automotive



Fuel for Industry



Fuel for Power Generation



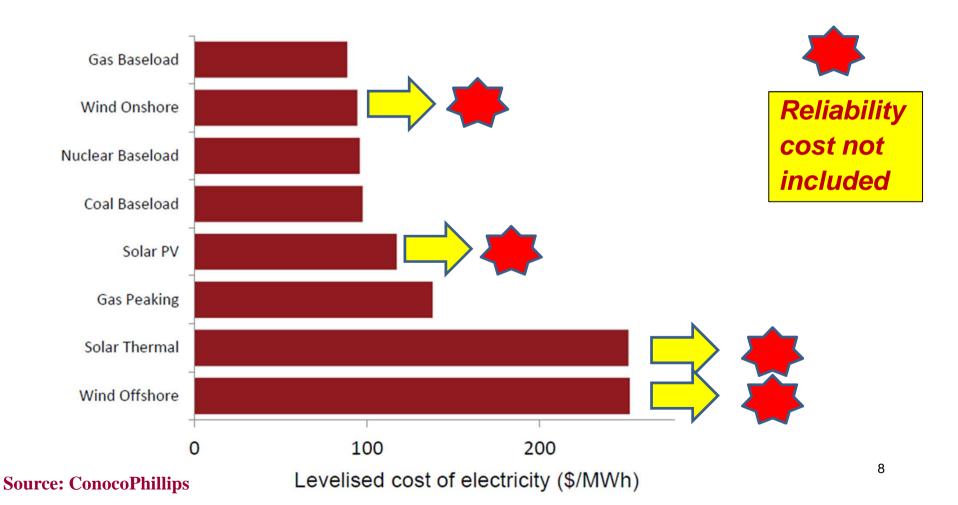
Fuel for Petrochemical Feedstock

Natural Gas – competitive & affordable



Comparison of generation cost

(10 eur/T CO2, 10 usd/mmbtu gas, 100 usd/mt coal, cap cost EIA 2013)



Natural gas partnering with renewables



Society needs energy 24 hours / 7days

Gas



90-100%

Wind



30-40%

Solar



10-25%

Hydro



Drought

Natural gas easy to turn on and off

Capacity

utilisation



Gas fired power – clean burning and affordable



Electricity 24 hrs/7 days – no blackouts







- ▶ Gas turbine 350 MW − 1 million households (2800 kwh/year)
- ▶ 350 MW turbine requires 600 million cm/year (8000 hours)
- Technology scaleable, proven and affordable
- Environmental friendly
 - ► Lower GHG than coal and diesel, less air pollutants

Natural gas for transportation (CNG/LNG)





Fleets



Less

- Particles/soot
- Noise
- CO2
- NOx smog





Maritime

Economics & environment – the main drivers

Electric cars – increasing in urban areas







Less

- Particles/soot
- Noise
- Local air quality

Less

CO2?

How is the electricity produced?

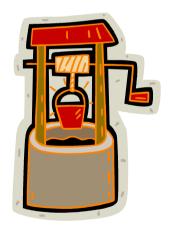
Access to energy – key to social and economic development



- Food supplies farming/irrigation
- Clean water supply
- Industry & job creation
- Health services & education









Gas – supports all sectors of society

Enhanced domestic use of gas in Africa



Offer potential for:

- Economic and social development
 - Jobs, government income, trade
- Reduced deforestation
- Reduced gas flaring





A robust and sustainable energy policy



- Energy efficiency & savings
- Enhance use of gas in power generation and transportation



Phase in renewable energy



Gas: The fuel of today and tomorrow!



Thank you for your attention!



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